BIG BANG TO BIOSIGNATURES: THE LUVOIR MISSION CONCEPT

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Crab Nebula with HST ACS/WFC What is LUVOIR? Credit: NASA / ESA Large UV / Optical / Infrared Surveyor (LUVOIR) A space telescope concept in tradition of Hubble Broad science capabilities Far-UV to Near-IR bandpass ~ 9 – 16 m aperture diameter Suite of imagers and spectrographs Serviceable and upgradable "Space Observatory for the 21st Century" **Decades of science** Ability to answer questions we have not yet conceived

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Imagine astronomy without Hubble ...

Hubble Ultra Deep Field (ultra-deep imaging)

Eagle Nebula (high resolution over wide field)

> Jupiter's aurora (UV, global monitoring)

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Imagine astronomy with LUVOIR ...

Located at ~1000 AU Diameter of 40,000 km

Hypothetical planet "Nine" Hubble Space Telescope (HST)

Best optical resolution (2016) 2.5m diameter (0.05")

LUVOIR

6m diameter Resolution ~0.02"

LUVOIR 18m diameter Resolution ~0.007"



Clear Identification of local differences

Detailed mapping of the surface morphologies and composition anisotropies





LUVOIR 9 m

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LUVOIR 12 m

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LUVOIR 16 m

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How do galaxies assemble their stars?



Circles show distance out to which individual solar-type stars can be detected

Provides ages and star formation histories

Need LUVOIR to reach the nearest giant elliptical galaxies



Monitoring Solar System ocean moons

UV oxygen emission from Europa water vapor jets observed with HST

For illustration ...

HST resolution 2.4-m 9

LUVOIR resolution 9-m 16-m

Credit: NASA/ESA/L. Roth/SWRI/University of Cologne

Imaging Earth 2.0



Spectrum of Modern Earth



Spectrum of Modern Earth



Spectrum of Modern Earth



Spectrum of Modern Earth



Reality check



ExoEarth candidates as function of aperture



Stark et al. (2014)

If frequency of habitable conditions is 10%, need 30 candidates to guarantee seeing one true exoEarth (at 95% confidence)

The exoplanet zoo





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Observational challenge

Faint planets next to bright stars

Solution

Optical / Near-IR Coronagraph

Contrast < 10⁻¹⁰ to observe exoEarths Low resolution spectroscopy (R > 150) Bandpass: 0.2 µm to 2.4 µm Tech development via WFIRST coronagraph





(Credit: D. Mawet)

Observational challenge

No UV through Earth's atmosphere

Solution

LUMOS

Far-UV to near-UV spectroscopy High resolution (R ~ 10⁵) spectroscopy Med. res. multi-object spectroscopy Near-UV imaging Major upgrade of HST STIS





HST STIS UV instrument

Observational challenge

Imaging wide fields at high resolution

Solution

High-Definition Imager

4 – 6 arcmin field-of-view
Optical to near-IR bandpass
Possibly high precision astrometry to measure planet masses
Major upgrade of HST WFC3





HST Wide Field Camera 3

Observational challenge

Measuring warm molecules present in Earth's atmosphere

Solution

Optical / Near-IR Spectrograph

Multiple resolutions up to R ~ 10⁵
High photometric precision for transits
Possibly high precision RV to measure planet masses
Ground-based analogs in development



Credit: Natasha Batalha



ESPRESSO spectrograph for VLT (Credit: ESO)

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LUVOIR online simulation tools in development

http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir/tools/

	Large UV/Optical/Infrared Surveyor	(LUVOIR)	
National Goddard Sp	Aeronautics and Space Administration pace Flight Center	Astrophysics Science Division • Sciences and Exploration	
Large UV/O	DIR otical/Infrared Surveyo		
Home		Vulation Table	
Science	On-Line Sin	nulation lools	
LUVOIR Flyer	This name links to performance simulation and visualization tools for the LUVOR mission a future		
Technology	ultraviolet / optical / near-infrared observatory cc	incept.	
Seminars	These widgets are experimental. If they are not	working, email Jason Tumlinson (STScl). For the	
Events	Planetary Spectrum Generator, email Geronimo	Villanueva (GSFC).	
Meet the Team	HDI Photometric ETC	Coronagraphic Spectra of Exoplanets	
Working Groups	This is the basic exposure time calculator for	Simulate optical / near-IR spectra of various	
Documents	optical photometry in multi-band images.	exopianets with realistic noise.	
Images & Videos	LUMUS Spectroscopic ETC This is a simple exposure time calculator for	EXOEARTH Yield Tool A tool for visualizing vields of observed ExoEarths	
Simulation Tools	UV spectroscopy with LUVOIR.	as function of basic mission parameters.	
Contacts	High-Resolution Imaging Examples of astronomical objects viewed	Multiplanet Yield Tool A tool for visualizing yields of observed exoplanets	
For Science	with different sized telescopes.	(of various types) as function of basic mission	
For Press Twitter			
Facebook	UV MOS Visualizer See the impact of UV multi-object spectroscopy on the study of stellar clustere	Planetary Spectrum Generator An advanced tool for simulating spectra of Solar System bodies (with LUVOIR and other	
	and their feedback.	telescopes).	

Big Bang to Biosignatures: The LUVOIR Mission Concept

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Technological challenges

Deployment of large segmented telescope

To be demonstrated by JWST



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Technological challenges

Need heavy lift launch vehicle with large fairing

Suitable vehicles (SLS and commercial) in development

Compatibility of UV and coronagraphy

New lab work shows UV reflective mirrors are just fine for coronagraphy

Ultra-high contrast observations with a segmented telescope

Coronagraphs can be designed for segmented telescopes. Working hard to demonstrate needed system stability

> Series of short, readable "LUVOIR Tech Notes" available at http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir/tech/

How we're doing the study

Four large mission concept studies started in Jan 2016 to prepare for Astro2020 Decadal Survey

- LUVOIR
- Habitable Exoplanet Imaging Mission (HabEx)
- Origins Space Telescope (aka. Far-IR Surveyor)
- X-Ray Surveyor

Two LUVOIR mission architectures to be studied

• Aperture sizes chosen Nov 2016: ~ 16-m and ~ 9-m

Study office and engineering team at GSFC

How we're doing the study

Science and Technology Definition Team

- 24 voting members from community
- 8 non-voting reps. of international space agencies

Six Community Working Groups

- Exoplanets
- Cosmic Origins
- Solar System
- Simulations
- Communications
- Technology
- Four Instrument Teams





STDT voting members





Debra Fischer (Yale)

Brad Peterson (Ohio State / STScI)



Jacob Bean (Chicago)

Lee Feinberg

(NASA GSFC)



Daniela Calzetti (U Mass)

Kevin France

(Colorado)



Rebekah Dawson (Penn State)

Olivier Guyon

(Arizona)



Courtney Dressing (Caltech)



Walter Harris (Arizona / LPL)



Mark Marley (NASA Ames)



David Redding (JPL)

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Leonidas Moustakas (JPL)



Jane Rigby (NASA GSFC)



Aki Roberge

(NASA GSFC)

John O'Meara (St. Michael's)



Vikki Meadows (Washington)



David Schiminovich (Columbia)



Ilaria Pascucci (Arizona)



Britney Schmidt (Georgia Tech)



(STScI)

Karl Stapelfeldt

(JPL)



Laurent Pueyo (STScl)



Jason Tumlinson (STScl)

Face-to-face meetings

3rd meeting Nov 9 – 10, 2016 in New Haven CT, joint w/ HabEx team

Observers welcome at all LUVOIR meetings & telecons

Large UV/Optical/IR Surveyor (LUVOIR)

Science and Technology Definition Team Study Office, and friends

> LUVOIR STDT Meeting #1 Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt MD May 9 - 10, 2016

Difference between LUVOIR and HabEx ?

Both LUVOIR and HabEx have two primary science goals

- Habitable exoplanets & biosignatures
- Broad range of general astrophysics
- The two architectures will be driven by difference in focus
 - For LUVOIR, both goals are on equal footing. LUVOIR will be a general purpose "great observatory", a successor to HST and JWST in the ~ 8 – 16 m class
 - HabEx will be optimized for exoplanet imaging, but also enable a range of general astrophysics. It is a more focused mission in the ~ 4 – 8 m class

Similar exoplanet goals, differing in quantitative levels of ambition

- HabEx will *explore* the nearest stars to "search for" signs of habitability & biosignatures via direct detection of reflected light
- LUVOIR will *survey* more stars to "constrain the frequency" of habitability & biosignatures and produce a statistically meaningful sample of exoEarths

The two studies will provide a continuum of options for a range of futures







Get involved with LUVOIR

http://asd.gsfc.nasa.gov/luvoir/

Large UV/Optical/Infrared Surveyor (LUVOIR)						
National Goddard Sj	Aeronautics and Space Administration pace Flight Center Astrophysics Science Division • Sciences and Exploration					
LUU Large UV/O	VOIR ptical/Infrared Surveyor					
Home						
Science	Large UV/Optical/Infrared Surveyor					
LUVOIR Flyer	The Large UV/Optical/IR Surveyor (LUVOIR) is a concept for a highly capable, multi-wavelength					
Technology	observatory with ambitious science goals. This mission would enable a great leap forward in a broad range of astrophysics, from the epoch of reionization, through galaxy formation and evolution, to star and planet formation. LUVOIR also has the major goal of characterizing a wide range of exoplanets, including those that might be habitable - or even inhabited. LUVOIR is one of four Decadal Survey Mission Concept Studies initiated in Jan 2016. The study will extend over three years and will be executed by the Goddard Space Flight Center, under the loadership of a Science and Tophpaleau Definition Team (STDT) drawn from the computity.					
Seminars						
Events						
Meet the Team						
Working Groups	A brief description of LUVOIR science goals, wavelength coverage and sensitivity are available in this flyer.					
Documents						
Images & Videos	News					
Simulation Tools	News					
Contacts	Third LUVOIR STDT Meeting					
For Science	Ine third face-to-face team meeting took place in New Haven CT on Nov 9 & 10, 2016. The LUVOIR and HabEx teams met jointly on Nov 10. Meeting info					
For Press	can be found on the Events page.					
Twitter Facebook						

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Summary

LUVOIR has multiple primary science goals

- 1 Habitable exoplanets & biosignatures
- ② Broad range of general astrophysics and Solar System observations
- Challenge is to blend goals into single powerful mission LUVOIR will provide a statistical study of Goal 1, factors of ~ 100 increased science grasp over Hubble for Goal 2
- Wide range of capabilities to enable decades of future investigations and unexpected discoveries